## Art Unit: 2829

## !Unexpected End of Formula In the Claims

Please amend claims 1, 3 and 4 as follows. Additionally, the current status for all of the claims is provided.

1. (As Amended) A method for annealing a semiconductor structure, the method comprising,

subjecting the semiconductor structure to an oscillating magnetic electromagnetic field, and,

applying a low temperature rapid thermal annealing (LTRTA) process to the semiconductor structure.

- 2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein subjecting includes subjecting to a time-varying electromagnetic field.
- 3. (As Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein subjecting includes providing a frequency in the <u>a</u> microwave frequency band.
- 4. (As Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein subjecting includes providing a frequency in the a radio frequency (RF) band.
- 5. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein applying a LTRTA includes exposing the semiconductor to a temperature less than approximately 800 degrees Celsius.
- 6. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein applying a LTRTA includes exposing the semiconductor to a furnace having a temperature greater than approximately 500 degrees Celsius, and less than approximately 800 degrees Celsius.
- 7. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein applying a LTRTA can precede subjecting the semiconductor to an electromagnetic field.

- 8. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein applying a LTRTA includes using a furnace to perform the LTRTA.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A method for implanting a dopant in a semiconductor structure, the method comprising,

using ion implantation to implant the dopant in the semiconductor, activating the dopant using electromagnetic induction heating (EMIH), and,

applying a low-temperature rapid thermal anneal (RTA) process.

- 10. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein the dopant is at least one of an n-type dopant and a p-type dopant.
- 11. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein activating the dopant using EMIH includes subjecting the dopant to an oscillating magnetic field.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein activating the dopant includes subjecting the dopant to a time-varying electromagnetic field.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein activating the dopant includes providing at least one of a Radio Frequency (RF) wave and a microwave frequency.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein applying a LTRTA includes exposing the semiconductor to a temperature less than approximately 800 degrees Celsius.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein applying a LTRTA includes exposing the semiconductor to a furnace having a temperature greater than approximately 500 degrees Celsius, and less than approximately 800 degrees Celsius.

- 16. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein applying a LTRTA can precede activating the dopant.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 9, wherein applying a LTRTA includes using a furnace to perform the LTRTA.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A method for processing a semiconductor structure comprising:
  - (a) subjecting the semiconductor structure to athermal heating; and
  - (b) applying a low-temperature rapid thermal anneal (LTRTA) process to the semiconductor structure.
  - 19. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 18, further comprising the step of implanting a dopant into the semiconductor structure by ion implantation before said step (a) and thereafter activating the dopant in said step (a) to implant the dopant into the semiconductor structure.
  - 20. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18, further comprising the step of subjecting the semiconductor structure to an oscillating magnetic field to anneal the semiconductor structure.